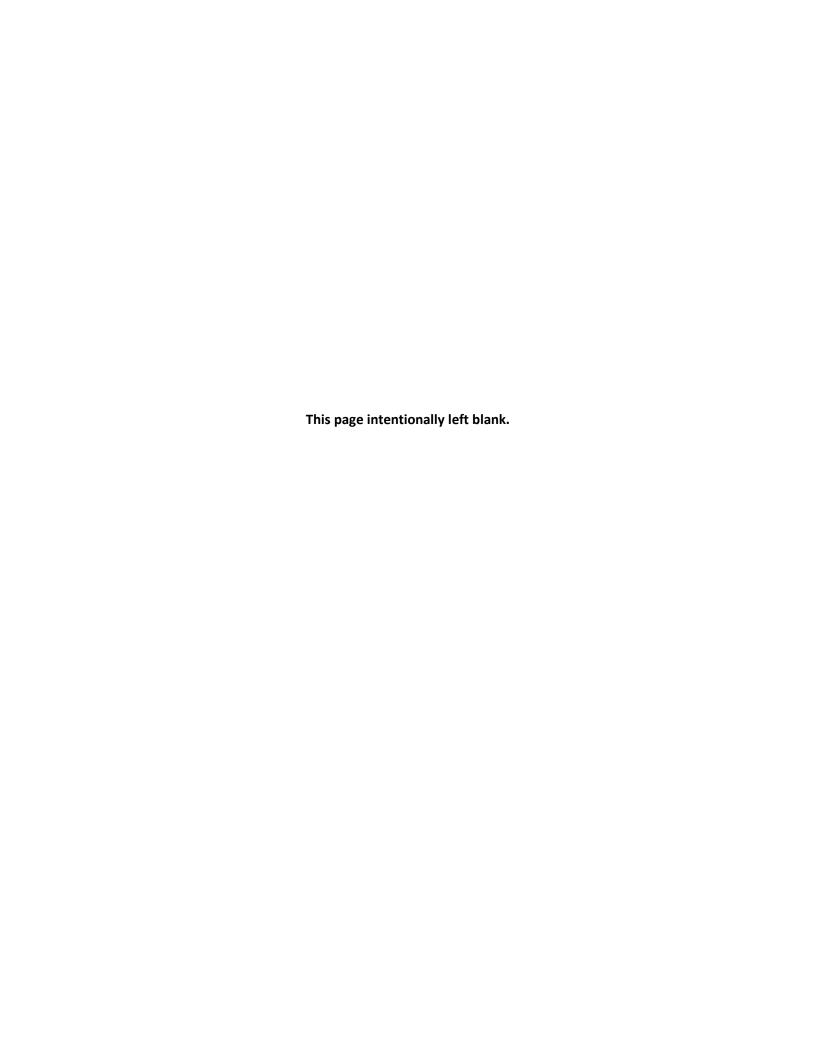


Year Ended June 30, 2021 Financial
Statements and
Single Audit Act
Compliance





# **Table of Contents**

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Activities	17
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of	
Governmental Activities	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to	
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual:	
General Fund	22
Technology Special Revenue Fund	23
Notes to Financial Statements	25
Required Supplementary Information	
MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan:	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	52
Schedule of the District's Pension Contributions	54
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability	56
Schedule of the District's Other Postemployment Benefit Contributions	57
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	58
Combining Fund Financial Statements	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	60
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	62

# **Table of Contents**

	<u>Page</u>
Single Audit Act Compliance	
Independent Auditors' Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance	67
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	70
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	74
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	77
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	79
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	81
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	83

----



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 29, 2021

Board of Education **Summerfield Schools** Petersburg, Michigan

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Summerfield Schools (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Independent Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Rehmann is an independent member of Nexia International.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Summerfield Schools as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and major special revenue fund of the District for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules for the pension and other postemployment benefit plans, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 29, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rehmann Loham LLC

This page intentionally left blank.

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS** 

# **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As management of Summerfield Schools (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

# **Financial Highlights**

	Total net position	\$(10,576,888)
•	Change in total net position	(349,550)
•	Fund balances, governmental funds	1,838,948
•	Change in fund balances, governmental funds	(1,089,516)
	Unassigned fund balance, general fund	429,938
•	Change in fund balance, general fund	15,461
•	Long-term debt outstanding	4,692,229
•	Change in long-term debt	(356,619)

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

**Government-wide Financial Statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual balance reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements report functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, supporting services, food services, community recreation, technology, and athletics. The District has no business-type activities for the year.

# **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

**Fund Financial Statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains various individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of fund revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, technology special revenue fund and the capital projects series 2020 fund, the District's major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements following the required supplementary information.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund herein to demonstrate compliance with that budget.

**Notes to the Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary consisting of this management's discussion and analysis and the schedules for the Michigan Public Schools Employees' Retirement System pension and other postemployment benefit plans immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Also, the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the pension and other postemployment benefit plans schedules.

# **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

# **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$10,576,888 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students it serves; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Net Position			
	2021	2020		
Current and other assets	\$ 2,773,016	\$ 3,951,541		
Capital assets, net	4,574,033	3,849,188		
Total assets	7,347,049	7,800,729		
Deferred outflows of resources	3,603,005	4,344,045		
Long-term debt	4,692,229	5,048,848		
Other liabilities	15,065,641	15,783,953		
Total liabilities	19,757,870 20,832			
Deferred inflows of resources	1,769,072	1,539,311		
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	15,950	77,979		
Restricted	669,917	650,876		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(11,262,755)	(10,956,193)		
Total net position	\$(10,576,888) \$(10,227,33			

\$669,917 of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is unrestricted net position, which has a negative balance.

# **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the statement of activities, which shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year 2021.

		Change in Net Position		
	2021 2020			2020
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	108,674	\$	223,186
Operating grants and contributions		2,088,805		1,484,874
General revenues:				
Property taxes		952,171		812,847
State aid unrestricted		4,554,559		4,525,559
Unrestricted investment earnings		6,153		3,519
Gain on sale of capital assets		600		2,700
Other		44,737		28,710
Total revenues		7,755,699		7,081,395
Expenses				
Instruction		5,091,780		4,138,151
Supporting services		1,530,753		2,499,290
Food services		315,434		236,352
Community recreation		91,757		107,826
Technology		248,927		180,512
Athletics		269,644		236,053
Other		6,258		8,357
Interest on long-term debt		124,695		189,209
Depreciation - unallocated		426,001		373,142
Total expenses		8,105,249		7,968,892
Change in net position		(349,550)		(887,497)
Net position, beginning of year	(	10,227,338)		(9,339,841)
Net position, end of year	\$(	10,576,888)	\$(	(10,227,338)

**Governmental Activities.** Governmental activities net position decreased by \$349,550, primarily due to the District's net pension liability increasing annually, adding to expenses and decreasing net position.

# **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

# Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,838,948, a decrease of \$1,089,516 over the prior year. Approximately 23% of this total amount, \$429,938, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The District reported \$160,522 as committed for student/school activity. The District reported \$496,295 as assigned fund balance to support a portion of next year's expenditures. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable or restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because the underlying assets are included in inventory, prepaids, or endowments and are not available for current expenditure, or the fund balances are constrained by externally imposed restrictions.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$429,938. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 7% of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the District's general fund increased by \$15,461 during the current fiscal year. This is primarily attributable to a increase in State revenue and receiving multiple federal grants to support spending due to the ongoing Covid-19 pandemic.

The fund balance of the District's technology fund decreased by \$11,056 during the current fiscal year. This is primarily attributable to replacing old technology items scheduled for updating that exceeded the current year collections from the enhancement levy.

The fund balance of the District's capital projects series 2020 decreased by \$1,136,771 during the current fiscal year. This is attributed to the completion of the bond projects during the summer of 2020 and payment for completed work.

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with changes in revenues and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The final amendment to the budget was adopted before the 2020-21 year end. A statement showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided as part of the District's basic financial statements.

# **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

Differences between the original and final amended budgets relate to updates in state funding, grant funding allocations, changes in salaries and benefits costs, and student count for the District. Once this additional information was known, subsequent budget amendments recognized the shifting of revenue sources/additional revenue along with adjusting expenditures in District program budgets that were impacted by the changes. Some of the more significant changes between the original adopted budget and final amended budgets were:

- Budgeted federal revenues were increased approximately \$321,000 from the original to the final amended budget to better reflect allocated funding and carryover of grants from year to year. State revenues increased due to the conservative budgeting during spring when the economy was projecting down versus the final State budget that provided a large increase in the State Aid allocation.
- Budgeted expenditures were increased approximately \$620,000 from the original to the final amended budget to better reflect costs of operation, including the addition of multiple federal grants during the school year. With the federal government providing several coronavirus pandemic related grants, budgets were increased to account for the increase in spending.

In accordance with State statute, the District is prohibited from amending the budget after year-end. As the District's books are not closed for accounting purposes at that point, a certain level of estimation is required in determining actual need. Actual expenditures ended the year under the final budget by \$508,308 or approximately 7%.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets.** The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2021, amounted to \$4,574,033 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

The major capital asset events during the current fiscal year was the replacement of the high school basketball scoreboard (\$19,875) and the remaining bond work for 2020 capital projects (\$1,130,971).

	Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)			
	2021 2020			
Land	\$	137,972	\$	137,972
Construction in progress		-	- 522,217	
Land improvements		155,366		183,142
Buildings and improvements	3,875,748 2,536,792			2,536,792
Machinery and equipment	404,947 469,065			469,065
Total capital assets, net	\$ 4,574,033 \$ 3,849,188			3,849,188

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of this report.

# **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

**Long-term Debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had bonded debt outstanding of \$4,485,000. This amount represents general obligations of the District that constitute an indebtedness of the District within any constitutional or statutory limitations.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 of this report.

# **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates**

Our elected officials and administration considered many factors when setting the District's 2022 fiscal year budget (2021-2022). The most important factors affecting the budget are as follows:

- The State foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance per pupil. The blended count for the 2022 fiscal year will be 90% of the October 2021 and 10% of the February 2021 student counts, respectively.
- The 2022 fiscal year budget was adopted in June 2021, based on an estimate of students that will be funded for the 2021-22 year (a blended figure is used based on the percentages above). Based on our internal analysis, we conservatively estimate that our student count will decline by 12 students in 2021-2022.
- Approximately 67% of all revenues received by the District are directly related to state aid (approximately 79% of general fund revenues).
- · Under State law, the only means that the District has to access additional property tax revenue for general operations is through a county-wide enhancement millage. Accordingly, District funding is heavily dependent on the State's ability to fund local school operations.
- · Once the final student count and related per pupil (State) funding is validated, the District will amend the budget to reflect updated revenues and expenditures. Current state legislative budgetary changes may adjust the blend percentages of students due to the coronavirus pandemic.

The following factors were also considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2021-22 fiscal year:

- The budget for the year ended June 30, 2022 was adopted in June 2021 when there was some uncertainty related to the funding and operations for districts in the State however additional funding has been provided by the State through various restricted federal grant programs. Despite this, there continues to be a high degree of uncertainty regarding potential changes to state and federal funding and the ability to sustain the current levels of financing operations. In addition, the District is continuously evaluating the impacts of the pandemic as it determines the appropriate methods to deliver education to students in a safe environment. These factors will have a significant impact on the operational and financial performance of the District.
- The amount received on a county-wide basis for the costs of the special education program is another major factor influencing the District revenues. The 2021-22 preliminary budget assumes a flat funding level due to consistent spending and the reimbursement nature of the funding.

# **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

- The retirement cost for the District will increase slightly in 2021-22. More significant is the retirement costs being reimbursed by the State in Section 147c categorical payments. These monies are flow-through, and impact revenues and expenditures equally in the budget.
- · For the 2021-22 fiscal year, the District's staffing was anticipated to remain stable. Staffing adjustments due to retirements and staff changing employment during the summer are not reflected in the 2021-22 preliminary budget.
- · Although there is student decline anticipated, recent years has proven the District continues to receive additional students through the school of choice program prior to the start of the next school year.

## **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Superintendent's Office, Summerfield Schools, 17555 Ida West Road, Petersburg, Michigan 49270.

This page intentionally left blank.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

# **Statement of Net Position**

June 30, 2021

	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,688,750
Receivables	1,076,636
Inventory and prepaid items	7,630
Capital assets not being depreciated	137,972
Capital assets being depreciated, net	4,436,061
	7.47.44
Total assets	7,347,049
Deferred outflows of resources	
Deferred charge on refunding	52,962
Deferred pension amounts	2,632,909
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	917,134
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,603,005
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	824,275
Unearned revenue	129,276
Long-term debt:	
Due within one year	335,107
Due in more than one year	4,357,122
Net pension liability (due in more than one year)	12,214,536
Net other postemployment benefit liability (due in more than one year)	1,897,554
Total liabilities	19,757,870
Deferred inflows of resources	
Deferred pension amounts	251,683
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	1,517,389
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,769,072
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	15,950
Restricted for:	
Food service	163,687
Community recreation	49,682
Technology	290,761
Scholarships	7,627
Debt service	117,988
Permanent fund:	
Expendable	35,000
Non-expendable	5,172
Unrestricted (deficit)	(11,262,755)
Total net position	\$ (10,576,888)

# **Statement of Activities**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Program		
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue
Governmental activities				
Instruction	\$ 5,091,780	\$ -	\$ 1,258,539	\$ (3,833,241)
Supporting services	1,530,753	-	203,262	(1,327,491)
Food services	315,434	10,754	401,162	96,482
Community recreation	91,757	66,316	16,569	(8,872)
Technology	248,927	, -	191,653	(57,274)
Athletics	269,644	31,604	17,620	(220,420)
Other	6,258	-	-	(6,258)
Interest on long-term debt	124,695	-	-	(124,695)
Depreciation - unallocated	426,001			(426,001)
Total governmental activities	\$ 8,105,249	\$ 108,674	\$ 2,088,805	(5,907,770)
	General revenue	s		
	Property taxes			952,171
	State aid unrest	tricted		4,554,559
	Unrestricted in	vestment earnings		6,153
	Gain on sale of	capital assets		600
	Other			44,737
	Total general rev	venues		5,558,220
	Change in net po	osition		(349,550)
	Net position, beg		(10,227,338)	
	Net position, end	d of year		\$ (10,576,888)

# **Balance Sheet**

Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	General Fund	ı	Special Revenue echnology Fund	-	ital Projects eries 2020 Fund	lonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 793,292	\$	339,569	\$	61,293	\$ 494,596	\$	1,688,750
Accounts receivable	66		-		-	-		66
Due from other funds	-		-		-	45,917		45,917
Due from other governments	1,005,781		-		-	70,789		1,076,570
Inventory	-		-		-	5,610		5,610
Prepaid items	 1,466				-	 554		2,020
Total assets	\$ 1,800,605	\$	339,569	\$	61,293	\$ 617,466	\$	2,818,933
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 86,756	\$	47,134	\$	-	\$ 18,347	\$	152,237
Accrued salaries payable	382,463		1,238		-	-		383,701
Accrued expenditures	267,456		436		-	962		268,854
Due to other funds	45,917		-		-	-		45,917
Unearned revenue	 90,314					 38,962		129,276
Total liabilities	 872,906		48,808			 58,271		979,985
Fund balances								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory	-		-		-	5,610		5,610
Prepaid items	1,466		-		-	554		2,020
Endowments	-		-		-	35,000		35,000
Restricted for:								
Food service	-		-		-	158,077		158,077
Community recreation	-		-		-	49,162		49,162
Technology	-		290,761		-	-		290,761
Scholarships	-		-		-	12,799		12,799
Debt service	-		-		-	137,471		137,471
Capital projects	-		-		61,293	-		61,293
Committed for -								
Student/school activity	-		-		_	160,522		160,522
Assigned -								,
Budgeted use of fund balance	496,295		-		_	-		496,295
Unassigned	429,938							429,938
Total fund balances	 927,699		290,761		61,293	 559,195		1,838,948
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,800,605	\$	339,569	\$	61,293	\$ 617,466	\$	2,818,933

# Reconciliation

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2021

# Fund balances - total governmental funds

1,838,948

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the fund statement.

Capital assets not being depreciated	137,972
Capital assets being depreciated	14,186,321
Accumulated depreciation	(9,750,260)

Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Bonds and capital leases payable	(4,527,044)
Unamortized charge on refunding	52,962
Unamortized bond premium	(145,294)
Compensated absences	(19,891)
Accrued interest on bonds payable	(19,483)

Certain pension and other postemployment benefit-related amounts, such as the net pension liability, net other postemployment benefit liability, and deferred amounts are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Net pension liability	(12,214,536)
Deferred outflows related to the net pension liability	2,632,909
Deferred inflows related to the net pension liability	(251,683)
Net other postemployment benefit liability	(1,897,554)
Deferred outflows related to the net other postemployment benefit liability	917,134
Deferred inflows related to the net other postemployment benefit liability	(1,517,389)

# Net position of governmental activities \$ (10,576,888)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Revenue Technology Fund	Capital Projects Series 2020 Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 645,466	\$ -	\$ 20,700	\$ 579,654	\$ 1,245,820
State sources	5,199,449	-	-	14,735	5,214,184
Federal sources	486,313	-	-	404,856	891,169
Interdistrict sources and other	212,273	191,653			403,926
Total revenues	6,543,501	191,653	20,700	999,245	7,755,099
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction	3,720,050	-	-	-	3,720,050
Supporting services	2,438,262	-	-	125,382	2,563,644
Food services	-	-	-	315,431	315,431
Community recreation	-	-	-	87,855	87,855
Technology	45,489	202,709	-	-	248,198
Athletics	268,315	-	-	-	268,315
Other	6,258	-	-	-	6,258
Debt service:					
Principal	21,106	-	-	320,500	341,606
Interest and fiscal charges	2,660	-	-	133,727	136,387
Capital outlay	-		1,157,471		1,157,471
Total expenditures	6,502,140	202,709	1,157,471	982,895	8,845,215
Revenues over (under) expenditures	41,361	(11,056)	(1,136,771)	16,350	(1,090,116)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	600	-	-	-	600
Transfers in	-	-	-	26,500	26,500
Transfers out	(26,500)				(26,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(25,900)			26,500	600
Net change in fund balances	15,461	(11,056)	(1,136,771)	42,850	(1,089,516)
Fund balances, beginning of year	912,238	301,817	1,198,064	516,345	2,928,464
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 927,699	\$ 290,761	\$ 61,293	\$ 559,195	\$ 1,838,948

# Re

## Reconciliation

Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

## Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (1,089,516)

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital assets purchased 1,150,846
Depreciation expense (426,001)

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Principal payments on long-term liabilities

Principal payments on long-term liabilities 341,606

Amortization of bond premium 13,588

Amortization of deferred charge on refunding (5,297)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.

Change in net pension liability and related deferred amounts

Change in net pension liability and related deferred amounts (677,209)

Change in net other postemployment benefit liability and related deferred amounts 337,607

Change in accrued interest payable on bonds 3,401

Change in the accrual for compensated absences 1,425

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ (349,550)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 695,443	\$ 661,277	\$ 645,466	\$ (15,811)
State sources	4,743,979	5,181,301	5,199,449	18,148
Federal sources	245,553	566,477	486,313	(80,164)
Interdistrict sources and other	211,126	238,399	212,273	(26,126)
Total revenues	5,896,101	6,647,454	6,543,501	(103,953)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Basic programs	3,061,901	3,437,573	3,220,489	(217,084)
Added needs	667,265	561,224	499,561	(61,663)
Total instruction	3,729,166	3,998,797	3,720,050	(278,747)
Supporting services:				
Pupil	326,363	390,640	337,117	(53,523)
Instructional services	65,674	36,706	32,377	(4,329)
General administration	243,837	234,058	230,959	(3,099)
School administration	461,967	481,203	460,366	(20,837)
Business	210,979	217,279	190,791	(26,488)
Operations and maintenance	638,112	824,636	791,467	(33,169)
Pupil transportation services	389,630	448,325	389,425	(58,900)
Central services	•	· ·	•	
	10,135	7,087	5,760	(1,327)
Total supporting services	2,346,697	2,639,934	2,438,262	(201,672)
Technology	10,962	45,030	45,489	459
Athletics	271,587	288,848	268,315	(20,533)
Other	8,050	14,073	6,258	(7,815)
Debt service:				
Principal	21,106	21,106	21,106	-
Interest and fiscal charges	2,660	2,660	2,660	-
Total debt service	23,766	23,766	23,766	
Total expenditures	6,390,228	7,010,448	6,502,140	(508,308)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(494,127)	(362,994)	41,361	404,355
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	2,700	1,000	600	400
Transfers out	(25,387)	(31,087)	(26,500)	(4,587)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(22,687)	(30,087)	(25,900)	(4,187)
Net change in fund balance	(516,814)	(393,081)	15,461	408,542
Fund balance, beginning of year	912,238	912,238	912,238	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 395,424	\$ 519,157	\$ 927,699	\$ 408,542

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Technology Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues Interdistrict sources and other	\$	190,000	\$	180,200	\$	191,653	\$	11,453
<b>Expenditures</b> Technology		214,265		248,329		202,709		(45,620)
Net change in fund balance		(24,265)		(68,129)		(11,056)		57,073
Fund balance, beginning of year		301,817		301,817		301,817		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	277,552	\$	233,688	\$	290,761	\$	57,073

This page intentionally left blank.

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## **Reporting Entity**

Summerfield Schools (the "District") has followed the guidelines of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and has determined that no entities should be consolidated into its basic financial statements as component units. Therefore, the reporting entity consists of the primary government financial statements only. The criteria for including a component unit include significant operational or financial relationships with the District.

#### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District had no business-type activities during the year.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, or one year for expenditure-driven grants. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

The *technology special revenue fund* is used to account for and report financial resources restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure of the technology related purchases.

The *capital projects series 2020 fund* is used to account for all financial resources restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, related to the 2020 bond issue.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The *special revenue funds* are used to account and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The *debt service funds* are used to account for all financial resources restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

The *permanent fund* accounts for contributions earmarked for scholarships available to qualifying students of the District.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Equity

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non current portion of interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The District considers all accounts receivable to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded.

Accounts payable and other payables reflected in the financial statements are based on when the liability is incurred.

# **Inventory and Prepaid Items**

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first in, first out) or market. Inventory in the food service fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition cost at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land improvements	5-20
Buildings and improvements	50
Machinery and equipment	8

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reports deferred outflows for the charge on refunding. This amount represents the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The District also reports deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability and the net other postemployment benefit liability and costs.

# Salaries Payable and Accrued Employee Benefits

A liability is recorded at June 30, 2021 for those amounts owed to teachers and other employees of the District who do not work during the summer when school is not in session but have elected to have their salaries paid over an entire year. This has the effect of properly charging their salaries to expenditures in the fiscal year in which their services are received, even though they are not paid until July and August of the following fiscal year. The liability for accrued retirement and the employer share of FICA related to the salaries payable has been recorded as has the liability for employee health insurances for the months of July and August. The District pays these insurances for this period as a part of the compensation for services rendered in the preceding school year.

# **Compensated Absences**

Employees can accumulate compensated absences by not using the number of sick days allotted each year. The maximum number of allowable accumulated sick days varies for employees depending on the capacity in which the District employs him/her. The vested liability for compensated absences is based on a dollar amount multiplied by the number of days accumulated for a maximum of 100 days, by employees who have been employed by the District for ten or more years. The current portion represents the estimated amount that will be paid to employees in the next fiscal year.

# **Long-term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Where applicable, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types generally recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District's deferred inflows of resources related to pension and other postemployment benefit costs.

#### **Fund Equity**

Governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of the resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Committed fund balance, if applicable, is reported for amounts that can be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action if the government's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Education. A formal resolution of the Board of Education is required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment. The District reports assigned fund balance for amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education has delegated the authority to assign fund balance to the Superintendent or his/her designee. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund.

When the District incurs an expenditure for purposes for which various fund balance classifications can be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

## **Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits**

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefits expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

## 2. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The general and special revenue funds are under formal budgetary control. Budgets shown in the financial statements are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and are not significantly different from the modified accrual basis used to reflect actual results, and consist only of those amounts contained in the formal budget as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Education. The budgets for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a functional basis.

All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

## 3. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

During the year the District incurred certain expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated as follows:

	Final Budget	Actual	Over Final Budget		
General fund					
Technology	\$ 45,030	\$	45,489	\$	459

# 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the Statement of Net Position follows:

Statement of Net Position	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,688,750
Deposits and investments	
Checking and savings accounts	\$ 1,625,772
Certificates of deposit (due within one year)	57,817
Certificates of deposit (due within one to five years)	4,961
Cash on hand	 200
	_
Total	\$ 1,688,750

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# **Statutory Authority**

State statutes authorize the District to invest in:

- Bonds, bills, or notes of the United States; obligations, the principal and interest of which are fully guaranteed by the United States; or obligations of the State. In a primary or fourth class school district, the bonds, bills, or notes shall be payable at the option of the holder upon not more than 90 days notice or, if not so payable, shall have maturity dates not more than five years after the purchase dates.
- Certificates of deposit insured by a State or national bank, savings accounts of a state or federal savings and loan association, or certificates of deposit or share certificates of a state or federal credit union organized and authorized to operate in this State.
- · Commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase and maturing not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- · Securities issued or guaranteed by agencies or instrumentalities of the United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, and bankers' acceptance issued by a bank that is a member of the federal deposit insurance corporation.
- Mutual funds composed entirely of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a school district.
- · Investment pools, as authorized by the surplus funds investment pool act, composed entirely of instruments that are legal for direct investment by a school district.

The District's investment policy allows for all of these types of investments.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds, and qualified external investment pools as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The District had investments in certificates of deposits at year end.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District had no investments at year end.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the District does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year end, \$1,472,604 of the District's bank balance of \$1,785,381 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the District does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. The District had no investments at year end.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk. The District had no investments at year end.

#### 5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the District's individual major fund and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, are as follows:

Accounts receivable

Due from other governments

General Fund		ı	Nonmajor Funds	Total			
\$	66 1,005,781	\$	- 70,789	\$	66 1,076,570		
\$	1,005,847	\$	70,789	\$	1,076,636		

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
\$ 137,972	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 137,972
522,217	-	-	(522,217)	-
660,189	-	-	(522,217)	137,972
1,183,862	-	-	-	1,183,862
9,848,347	1,130,971	-	522,217	11,501,535
1,492,855	19,875	(11,806)	-	1,500,924
12,525,064	1,150,846	(11,806)	522,217	14,186,321
(1,000,720)	(27,776)	-	-	(1,028,496)
(7,311,555)	(314,232)	-	-	(7,625,787)
(1,023,790)	(83,993)	11,806	-	(1,095,977)
(9,336,065)	(426,001)	11,806	-	(9,750,260)
3,188,999	724,845		522,217	4,436,061
\$ 3,849,188	\$ 724,845	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,574,033
	\$ 137,972 522,217 660,189 1,183,862 9,848,347 1,492,855 12,525,064 (1,000,720) (7,311,555) (1,023,790) (9,336,065) 3,188,999	\$ 137,972 \$ - 522,217	\$ 137,972 \$ - \$ - 522,217 660,189 1,183,862 9,848,347 1,130,971 - 1,492,855 19,875 (11,806) 12,525,064 1,150,846 (11,806) (1,000,720) (27,776) - (7,311,555) (314,232) - (1,023,790) (83,993) 11,806 (9,336,065) (426,001) 11,806 3,188,999 724,845 -	\$ 137,972 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 522,217)  660,189 (522,217)  1,183,862 (522,217)  9,848,347 1,130,971 - 522,217  1,492,855 19,875 (11,806) - 12,525,064 1,150,846 (11,806) 522,217  (1,000,720) (27,776) (7,311,555) (314,232) (1,023,790) (83,993) 11,806 - (9,336,065) (426,001) 11,806 3,188,999 724,845 - 522,217

Depreciation expense of \$426,001 was reported as "unallocated depreciation," and was not allocated to individual functions.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 7. PAYABLES

Accounts payable and accrued expenses as of year end for the District's individual major fund and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, are as follows:

	General Fund	Technology Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Fund Financial Statements				
Accounts payable	\$ 86,756	47,134	\$ 18,347	\$ 152,237
Accrued salaries payable	382,463	1,238	-	383,701
Accrued expenditures	 267,456	436	 962	 268,854
	\$ 736,675	\$ 48,808	\$ 19,309	804,792
Government-wide Financial Statements Accrued interest on long-term debt				19,483
				\$ 824,275

#### 8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

At June 30, 2021, interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following:

	Due From		Due To	
General fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	- 45,917	\$	45,917 -
	\$	45,917	\$	45,917

The District reports interfund balances between many of its funds. The sum of all balances presented in the tables above agrees with the sum of interfund balances presented in the statements of net position/balance sheet for the governmental funds. These interfund balances resulted primarily from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

For the year ending June 30, 2021, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

	Transfers In		Т	ransfers Out
General fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	- 26,500	\$	26,500
	\$	26,500	\$	26,500

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, interfund transfers consisted of \$26,500 in transfers from the general fund to nonmajor governmental funds to subsidize debt service payments.

#### 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt activities of the District for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	E	Beginning Balance	Additions	D	eductions	Ending Balance	_	ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities  General obligation bonds  Notes from direct borrowings  and direct placements -	\$	4,805,000	\$ -	\$	(320,000)	\$ 4,485,000	\$	305,000
Capital leases		63,650	-		(21,606)	42,044		13,535
Bond premium		158,882	-		(13,588)	145,294		13,588
Compensated absences		21,316	5,208		(6,633)	19,891		2,984
	\$	5,048,848	\$ 5,208	\$	(361,827)	\$ 4,692,229	\$	335,107

Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

General obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2021, consists of the following:

Total general obligation bonds	\$ 4,485,000
\$1,825,000 2020 School Building and Site Bond, due in annual installments of \$60,000 to \$250,000 through May 1, 2035; interest at 2.00%.	 1,765,000
\$4,035,000 2015 Refunding Bond, due in annual installments of \$205,000 to \$305,000 through May 1, 2031; interest at 3.00%.	\$ 2,720,000

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027-2031 2032-2035	\$ 305,000 315,000 315,000 335,000 345,000 1,885,000 985,000	\$ 116,900 108,400 99,600 90,800 81,500 258,300 49,600	\$	344,750 347,350 349,650 321,600 426,500 2,143,300 1,034,600	
Totals	\$ 4,485,000	\$ 805,100	\$	4,967,750	

The District has two capital leases for buses with original cost of \$49,224 and \$94,967, respectively. The net book value of the capital assets acquired through the capital leases was \$63,782 as of year end. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for capital leases are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2022 2023 2024	\$ 13,535 14,008 14,501	\$ 1,471 998 5,074	\$	15,006 15,006 19,575	
Totals	\$ 42,044	\$ 7,543	\$	49,587	

#### 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The District has purchased commercial insurance for general liability, property, and casualty claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The shared-risk pool program in which the District participates operates as a common risk-sharing management program for school districts in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

#### 11. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by the Townships of Dundee, Ida, and Summerfield and the City of Petersburg and periodically remitted to the District. The taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1 and December 1 and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer. The actual due dates are September 14 and February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 12. PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLANS

#### **Plan Description**

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System" or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (the "State") originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available at the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

#### Pension Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25% to 1.50%. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Participants in the defined contribution plan consist of one of the following: (1) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan; (2) members who elected to transfer from the defined benefit plan to the defined contribution plan under the reform (P.A. 300) of 2012; or (3) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after February 1, 2018 and did not elect participation in the Pension Plus 2 plan. Members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan receive a 100% match of the member contribution rate up to a maximum of 3% based on the member's gross earnings. Additionally, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for MPSERS members who elected to convert from a Basic or MIP benefit plan to the defined contribution benefit plan. Members electing the Pension Plus or Pension Plus 2 benefit plan receive a 50% match of the member's contribution percent up to a maximum of 1% based on the member's gross earnings. Effective October 1, 2017, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for members who elect the Defined Contribution benefit plan. The employer must match 100% of the employee contribution for any member who elected the Personal Healthcare Fund up to a maximum of 2% of the member's gross earnings. For all members with a Personal Health Care Fund (PHF), the first 2% of DC contributions must go into the PHF and must be matched 100% by the employer.

#### Other Postemployment Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

#### **Contributions**

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2019 valuation will be amortized over a 19-year period beginning October 1, 2019 and ending September 30, 2038.

The table below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2021:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Basic	0.00% - 4.00%	19.41% -
		19.78%
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	3.00% - 7.00%	19.41% -
		19.78%
Pension Plus	3.00% - 6.40%	16.46% -
		16.82%
Pension Plus 2	6.20%	19.59%
Defined Contribution	0.00%	13.39%

For the year ended June 30, 2021, required and actual contributions from the District to the pension plan were \$1,010,772, which included \$463,697, the amount received from the State and remitted to the System to fund the MPSERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") stabilization rate.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The table below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2021:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	8.09% - 8.43%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00%	7.57%

For the year ended June 30, 2021, required and actual contributions from the District to the OPEB plan were \$277,095.

The table below summarizes defined contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2021:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Defined Contribution	0.00% - 3.00%	0.00% - 7.00%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00% - 2.00%	0.00% - 2.00%

For the year ended June 30, 2021, required and actual contributions from the District for those members with a defined contribution benefit were \$63,970.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$12,214,536 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.03556%, which was a decrease of 0.00095% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2019.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,685,512. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred Outflows of		Outflows of Inflows of		Deferred Deferred Coutflows of Inflows of (In		d Deferred Outflow of Inflows of (Inflows)		et Deferred Outflows Inflows) of
		Resources Resources		Kesources		Resources				
Differences between expected and										
actual experience	\$	186,628	\$	26,070	\$	160,558				
Changes in assumptions		1,353,488		-		1,353,488				
Net difference between projected and actual										
earnings on pension plan investments		51,320		-		51,320				
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate										
share of contributions		54,289		225,613		(171,324)				
		1,645,725		251,683		1,394,042				
District contributions subsequent to the										
measurement date		987,184		-		987,184				
Total	خ	2 622 000	خ	251 692	ć	2 201 226				
Total	Ş	2,632,909	<u> </u>	251,683	<u> </u>	2,381,226				

The \$987,184 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount					
2022 2023 2024	\$	668,450 459,550 212,843				
2025	53,199					
Total	\$	1,394,042				

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$1,897,554 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2019. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.03542% which was a decrease of 0.00144% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(60,944). At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		flows of Inflows of		utflows of Inflows of		ed Deferred Outflow rs of Inflows of (Inflows)		et Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
Differences between expected and									
actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,413,855	\$	(1,413,855)			
Changes in assumptions		625,661		-		625,661			
Net difference between projected and actual									
earnings on OPEB plan investments		15,837		-		15,837			
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate									
share of contributions		43,137		103,534		(60,397)			
		684,635		1,517,389		(832,754)			
District contributions subsequent to the									
measurement date		232,499		-		232,499			
Total	\$	917,134	\$	1,517,389	\$	(600,255)			

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The \$232,499 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount				
2022	\$	(218,217)			
2023		(196,161)			
2024		(163,192)			
2025		(136,618)			
2026		(118,566)			
Total	\$	(832,754)			

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The total pension and OPEB liabilities in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age, normal
Wage inflation rate	2.75%
Investment rate of return:	
MIP and Basic plans (non-hybrid)	6.80%
Pension Plus plan (hybrid)	6.80%
Pension Plus 2 plan (hybrid)	6.00%
OPEB plans	6.95%
Projected salary increases	2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
Cost of living adjustments	3% annual non-compounded for MIP members
Healthcare cost trend rate	7.0% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 120
Mortality	RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables,
	adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017
	from 2006. For retirees, the tables were scaled by 82% for males and
	78% for females. For active members, 100% of the table rates were
	used for both males and females.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

Other OPEB assumptions:

Opt-out assumptions 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of

those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt-out of the

retiree health plan.

Survivor coverage 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to

have coverages continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage election at retirement 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect

coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total pension and OPEB liabilities as of September 30, 2020, are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2019, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study. The recognition period for pension liabilities is 4.4892 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for OPEB liabilities is 5.6018 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for assets is 5 years.

#### Long-term Expected Return on Pension Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	5.29%	1.32%
Private equity pools	16.00%	8.78%	1.40%
International equity pools	15.00%	6.98%	1.05%
Fixed income pools	10.50%	0.47%	0.05%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	4.62%	0.46%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	3.02%	0.27%
Real return/opportunistic pools	12.50%	6.23%	0.78%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	-0.09%	0.00%
	100.00%		5.33%
Inflation			2.10%
Risk adjustment			-0.63%
Investment rate of return			6.80%

#### Long-term Expected Return on OPEB Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	5.29%	1.32%
Private equity pools	16.00%	8.78%	1.40%
International equity pools	15.00%	6.98%	1.05%
Fixed income pools	10.50%	0.47%	0.05%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	4.62%	0.46%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	3.02%	0.27%
Real return/opportunistic pools	12.50%	6.23%	0.78%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	-0.09%	0.00%
	100.00%		5.33%
Inflation			2.10%
Risk adjustment			-0.48%
Investment rate of return			6.95%

#### Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 5.37% and 5.24%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **Discount Rate**

A discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan, both of which are hybrid plans provided through non-university employers only) and a discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan) and 6.95%, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine these discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension and OPEB liabilities.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan), as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

	Current	
1% Decrease	<b>Discount Rate</b>	1% Increase
(5.80% / 5.80% / 5.00%)	(6.80% / 6.80% / 6.00%)	(7.80% / 7.80% / 7.00%)
¢ 15 900 645	\$ 12 214 536	\$ 9 234 992

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability

#### Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

				Current		
	1% Decrease (5.95%)		Dis	Discount Rate (6.95%)		% Increase (7.95%)
District's proportionate share of		(5.95%)		(0.33%)		(7.95%)
	_		_		_	
the net OPEB liability	Ş	2,437,624	Ş	1,897,554	Ş	1,442,861

#### Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

			Hea	Current althcare Cost		
	1% Decrease (6.00%)		Т	rend Rate (7.00%)	1	% Increase (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,425,451	\$	1,897,554	\$	2,434,513

#### Pension and OPEB Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial statements available on the State of Michigan Office of Retirement Services website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a payable of \$156,866 for the outstanding amount of pension contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a payable of \$30,907 for the outstanding amount of OPEB contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### 13. CONTINGENCIES

Under the terms of various federal and State grants and regulatory requirements, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants and requirements. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor or regulatory agencies. However, management does not believe such disallowances, if any, will be material to the financial position of the District.

As is the case with other entities, the District faces exposure from potential claims and legal proceedings involving environmental matters. No such claims or proceedings have been asserted as of June 30, 2021.

#### 14. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2021, the District's net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following:

Capital assets	
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 137,972
Capital assets being depreciated, net	4,436,061
Total capital assets	4,574,033
Capital related debt	
Bonds payable	(4,485,000)
Unspent bond proceeds	61,293
Capital leases	(42,044)
Unamortized charge on refunding	52,962
Bond premium	(145,294)
Total capital related debt	(4,558,083)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 15,950

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 15. CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus outbreak (COVID-19) to be a global pandemic. While the pandemic has resulted in an increase in the demands on the District to deliver education to students in a safe environment, the Federal Government has also provided significant resources to help mitigate the impacts of COVID-19. The District received over \$0.3 million during 2021 from various funding sources to be used to respond to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic through the CARES Act and other funding sources. This funding was used to purchase personal protection equipment (PPE), cleaning and sanitizing materials, and supplies, as well as for activities to support remote learning for students. With these additional federal resources, at this time management does not believe that the negative financial impact of the pandemic, if any, would be material to the District.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## **Required Supplementary Information**

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

		Y	ear	Ended June 30	),	,	
	2021		2020			2019	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	12,214,536	\$	12,091,984	\$	10,879,932	
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.03556%		0.03651%		0.03619%	
District's covered payroll	\$	3,159,221	\$	3,227,096	\$	3,094,542	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		386.63%		374.70%		351.58%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		59.72%		60.31%		62.36%	

Year Ended June 30,										
2018		2017		2016		2015				
\$ 9,349,564	\$	9,056,728	\$	9,219,993	\$	7,921,486				
0.03608%		0.03630%		0.03775%		0.03596%				
\$ 3,036,124	\$	3,025,373	\$	3,147,417	\$	3,224,862				
307.94%		299.36%		292.94%		245.64%				
64.21%		63.27%		63.17%		66.20%				

## **Required Supplementary Information**

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Pension Contributions

	Y	ear I	Ended June 30	),	
	2021		2020		2019
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 1,010,772	\$	1,007,530	\$	960,471
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	(1,010,772)		(1,007,530)		(960,471)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,127,801	\$	3,196,104	\$	3,230,404
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	32.32%		31.52%		29.73%

	Voor Fodo	ا ام	no 20	
	Year Ende	a Jui	ne su,	
2018	2017		2016	2015
\$ 989,369	\$ 843,958	\$	843,846	\$ 713,219
 (989,369)	(843,958)		(843,846)	(713,219)
\$ 	\$ _	\$		\$ _
\$ 3,108,979	\$ 3,043,545	\$	3,118,761	\$ 3,294,114
31.82%	27.73%		27.06%	21.65%

## **Required Supplementary Information**

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability

	Year Ended June 30,							
		2021		2020	2019			2018
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,897,554	\$	2,646,008	\$	2,887,784	\$	3,197,634
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.03542%		0.03686%		0.03633%		0.03611%
District's covered payroll	\$	3,159,221	\$	3,227,096	\$	3,094,542	\$	3,036,124
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		60.06%		81.99%		93.32%		105.32%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		59.44%		48.46%		42.95%		36.39%

## **Required Supplementary Information**

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Other Postemployment Benefit Contributions

	Year Ended June 30,								
		2021	2020		2019			2018	
Statutorily required contributions	\$	277,095	\$	229,902	\$	261,112	\$	230,352	
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions		(277,095)		(229,902)		(261,112)		(230,352)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	3,127,801	\$	3,196,104	\$	3,230,404	\$	3,108,979	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.86%		7.19%		8.08%		7.41%	

## **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**

#### **Pension Information**

GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. The pension plan schedules are being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of date will be presented.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.80% for the MIP and Basic plans, 6.80% for the Pension Plus Plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.05% for the MIP and Basic plans, 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.50% for the MIP and Basic plans and 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan.

#### **OPEB Information**

GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. The OPEB plan schedules are being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of date will be presented.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%. The healthcare cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.95%.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.15%.

# COMBINING FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue							
		Food Service		Community Recreation		Student/School Activity Fund		olarships
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	110,119	Ş	74,022	\$	162,159	\$	7,627
Due from other funds		384		8,559		-		-
Due from other governments		70,789		-		-		-
Inventory		5,610		-		-		-
Prepaid items		-		520		34		
Total assets	\$	186,902	Ç	83,101	\$	162,193	\$	7,627
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	15,502	ç	1,658	\$	1,187	\$	-
Accrued expenditures		-		962		-		-
Unearned revenue		7,713	_	30,799		450		
Total liabilities		23,215		33,419		1,637		
Fund balances								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory		5,610		-		-		-
Prepaid items		-		520		34		-
Endowments		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:								
Food service		158,077		-		-		-
Community recreation		-		49,162		-		-
Scholarships		-		-		-		7,627
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Committed for -								
Student/school activity			_			160,522		
Total fund balances		163,687	_	49,682		160,556		7,627
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	186,902	ç	83,101	\$	162,193	\$	7,627

		De	ebt Service		Pe	ermanent	N	Total Ionmajor
2011	L		2016	2020	Scl	holarships	Gov	ernmental Funds
\$	- - - -	\$	74,672 36,974 - - -	\$ 25,825 - - - -	\$	40,172 - - - -	\$	494,596 45,917 70,789 5,610 554
\$	-	\$	111,646	\$ 25,825	\$	40,172	\$	617,466
\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ - - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	18,347 962 38,962 58,271
	- - -		- - -	- - -		- - 35,000		5,610 554 35,000
	- - -		- - - 111,646	- - - 25,825		- - 5,172 -		158,077 49,162 12,799 137,471
				 -				160,522
			111,646	 25,825	1	40,172		559,195
\$	_	\$	111,646	\$ 25,825	\$	40,172	\$	617,466

**Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures** and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Special F	Reven	ue		
	Food Service		Community Recreation		ent/School ivity Fund	Scholarships	
Revenues							-
Local sources	\$ 10,911	\$	66,316	\$	115,709	\$	37
State sources	6,775		5,943		-		-
Federal sources	 394,230		10,626				
Total revenues	 411,916		82,885		115,709		37
Expenditures							
Current:							
Supporting services	-		-		119,430		5,781
Food services	315,431		-		-		-
Community recreation	-		87,855		-		-
Debt service:							
Principal	-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	 	_	-				
Total expenditures	 315,431		87,855		119,430		5,781
Revenues over (under) expenditures	96,485		(4,970)		(3,721)		(5,744)
Other financing sources Transfers in	 <u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Net change in fund balances	96,485		(4,970)		(3,721)		(5,744)
Fund balances, beginning of year	67,202		54,652		164,277		13,371
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 163,687	\$	49,682	\$	160,556	\$	7,627

	De	ebt Service		Peri	manent	Total Nonmajor		
2011		2016	2020	Scho	Scholarships		ernmental Funds	
\$ - - -	\$	282,058 1,471 -	\$ 104,529 546 -	\$	94 - -	\$	579,654 14,735 404,856	
		283,529	105,075		94		999,245	
- - -		- - -	- - -		171 - -		125,382 315,431 87,855	
25,500 1,000		235,000 89,651	60,000 43,076		-		320,500 133,727	
 26,500		324,651	103,076		171		982,895	
(26,500)		(41,122)	1,999		(77)		16,350	
26,500			 				26,500	
-		(41,122)	1,999		(77)		42,850	
		152,768	23,826		40,249		516,345	
\$ -	\$	111,646	\$ 25,825	\$	40,172	\$	559,195	

This page intentionally left blank.

**SINGLE AUDIT ACT COMPLIANCE** 

This page intentionally left blank.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

October 29, 2021

Board of Education Summerfield Schools Petersburg, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Summerfield Schools (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2021, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Rehmann Loham LLC



This page intentionally left blank.

This page intentionally left blank.

## **Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Agency / Cluster / Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Passed Through	Pass- Through Grantor's Number	Approved Award/ Grant Amount
II.C. Domonton out of Amicultura				
U.S. Department of Agriculture Child Nutrition Cluster:				
National School Lunch Program:				
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities):				
Entitlement commodities	10.555	MDE	-n/a-	\$ 18,026
Bonus commodities	10.555	MDE	-n/a-	42
COVID-19 - Unanticipated School Closure				
Meal Reimbursement	10.555	MDE	200902	17,265
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	MDE	200900	26,671
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	MDE	210904	349,491
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition Cluster				
U.S. Department of the Treasury				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund:				
MAISA Device Purchase Program	21.019	CCISD	-n/a-	19,635
103(2) District COVID Funds	21.019	MDE	-n/a-	7,259
11P CRF Funds	21.019	MDE	-n/a-	206,220
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury				
U.S. Department of Education				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies:				
Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010	MDE	211530-2021	133,033
Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010	MDE	201530-1920	122,737
Dural Education Coroll Dural Cabool				
Rural Education - Small, Rural School Achievement Program	84.358	Direct	S358A201949	27,900
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants):				
Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality	84.367A	MDE	210520-2021	41,052
Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality	84.367A	MDE	200520-1920	45,858

(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue at July 1, 2020	Current Year Receipts	Current Year Expenditures	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue at June 30, 2021
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,026 42	\$ 18,026 42	\$ - -
17,265	17,265	17,265	-	-
-	-	26,671 279,634	26,671 349,491	- 69,857
17,265	17,265	341,638	394,230	69,857
- -	- - -	19,635 7,259 206,220	19,635 7,259 206,220	- - -
	-	233,114	233,114	
- 82,578	- 19,030	80,035 26,529	99,745 7,499	19,710
82,578	19,030	106,564	107,244	19,710
		7,122	7,472	350
- 44 272	-	26,005	27,269	1,264
11,372 11,372	182 182	1,091 27,096	909 28,178	1,264

continued...

## **Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Agency / Cluster / Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Passed Through	Pass- Through Grantor's Number	Approved Award/ Grant Amount	
U.S. Department of Education (continued) Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program -					
Title IV, Part A:	04.4044	1405	240750 2024	<b>†</b> 10.000	
2020-2021 Enrichment Program	84.424A	MDE	210750-2021	\$ 10,000	
2019-2020 Enrichment Program  COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund - Emergency Relief Program: 2020-2021 2019-2020	84.424A 84.425D 84.425D	MDE MDE MDE	200750-1920 213712-2021 203710-1920	11,173 137,722 87,111	
Total U.S. Department of Education  U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Medicaid Cluster -					
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	MISD	-n/a-	841	

**Total Federal Financial Assistance** 

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

			crued				C		Accrued
(Memo O		-	earned)	Current		Current		(Unearned) Revenue at	
Prior Ye Expenditu			enue at 1, 2020		Year Receipts	Year Expenditures		June 30, 2021	
Expenditi	1162	July	1, 2020		neceipts	Experiultures		Juli	e 30, 2021
\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,550	\$	8,502	\$	3,952
11	l,173		288		288		-		-
11	L,173		288		4,838		8,502		3,952
	-		-		-		34,486		34,486
	),635		20,635		87,111		66,476		-
20	),635		20,635		87,111		100,962		34,486
125	5,758		40,135		232,731		252,358		59,762
					0.41		0.44		
			-		841		841		-
\$ 143	3,023	\$	57,400	\$	808,324	\$	880,543	\$	129,619
7 140	,,023	<u>ب</u>	57,400	٧	000,324	<u>ب</u>	000,545	٧	123,013

concluded.

### **Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Summerfield Schools (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the District's financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance or other applicable guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts, if any, shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Cash received is recorded on the cash basis; expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all grant requirements have been met.

The Schedule has been arranged to provide information on both actual cash received and the revenue recognized. Accordingly, the effects of accruals of accounts receivable, unearned revenue and accounts payable items at both the beginning and end of the fiscal year have been reported.

Expenditures are in agreement with amounts reported in the financial statements and the financial reports. The amounts reported on the Grant Auditor Report reconcile with this Schedule.

#### 2. 10% DE MINIMIS COST RATE

For purposes of charging indirect costs to federal awards, the District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate as permitted by §200.414 of the Uniform Guidance.

#### 3. RECONCILIATION TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A reconciliation of revenues from federal sources per governmental funds financial statements and expenditures per single audit act compliance schedule of expenditures of federal awards is as follows:

Expenditures per schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ 880,543
Federal assistance received as beneficiary	 (10,626)
Less -	
Federal revenues as reported in the financial statements	\$ 891,169

## **Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

#### 4. PASS-THROUGH AGENCIES

The District receives certain federal grants as subawards from non-federal entities. Pass-through entities, where applicable, have been identified in the Schedule with an abbreviation, defined as follows:

Pass-through	
Agency	
<b>Abbreviation</b>	Pass-through Agency Name
CCISD	Copper County Intermediate School District
MDE	Michigan Department of Education
MISD	Monroe Intermediate School District

This page intentionally left blank.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 29, 2021

Board of Education Summerfield Schools Petersburg, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of *Summerfield Schools* (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2021.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for determining the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Rehmann is an independent member of Nexia International.



#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rehmann Loham LLC



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

October 29, 2021

Board of Education Summerfield Schools Petersburg, Michigan

#### Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of Summerfield Schools (the "District") with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.



#### Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rehmann Loharn LLC

## **Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs**For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

## **SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS**

Financial Statements					
Type of auditors' report issued:		<u>Unmodi</u>	<u>fied</u>		
Internal control over financial reporting	;:				
Material weakness(es) identified?			yes	Х	_no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified	<b>!</b> ?		yes	Х	_none reported
Noncompliance material to financial standard?	itements		_yes _	Х	_no
Federal Awards					
Internal control over the major program	າ:				
Material weakness(es) identified?			_yes _	Х	_no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified	1?		_yes _	Х	_none reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are rectored to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	quired		_yes	X	_no
Identification of the major program and	I type of auditor	's report i	ssued on co	mpliance	e for the major program:
Assistance Listing Number	Name of Feder	al Progra	m or Cluste	<u>r</u>	Type of Report
10.555/10.559	Child Nutrition	Cluster			Unmodified
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B progra	ms:	\$	750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			ves	Х	no

## **Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

### SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

### SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

## Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

None reported.

This page intentionally left blank.